Human Journals

Abstract

March 2023 Vol.:26, Issue:4

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In Vivo Evaluation of Root and Leaves of Fashra (*Bryonia laciniosa*) in Taqashshur-E-Jild (Psoriasis)



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Submitted: 22 February 2023 Accepted: 28 February 2023 Published: 30 March 2023





www.ijppr.humanjournals.com

Keywords: Fashra, *Bryonia laciniosa*, Imiquimod (IMQ), Taqashshur-e-jild

ABSTRACT

Background: Psoriasis is common communicable, painful, disfiguring disabling, hyperproliferative recurrent papulosquamous disorder of the Skin, characterized by well- defined erythematous plaques bearing large adherent silvery scales. Fashra (Bryonia laciniosa) was used as anti-psoriatic drug in Unani system of medicine. Objectives: The aim of present study is in vivo assess and evaluate the safety and efficacy of Hydro-alcoholic extract of roots and leaves (HAER &HAEL) of Fashra as Anti-Psoriatic drug. Material and methods: The screening of Antipsoriatic activity of HAER &HAEL of Fashra (Bryonia Lacinosa) by using IMQ (Imiquimod)induce rat model for psoriasis . Topical application of 150mg IMQ for up to 7 consecutive days, this represent a daily dose of 7.5mg of IMQ. . After 1 hour of IMQ application (HAER &HAEL) of Fashra were given orally. Animals were observed for psoriatic lesions daily for 7 days. Histopathological study of skin also conducted. Observations and results: The study revealed that all the IMQ-treated rat significantly decreased prominent characteristics of psoriatic plaques such as erythema, skin thickening, scaling, when compared to NC(Negative control) group. In histopathology skin showed almost normal features, when compared to NC group. Conclusion: The present study concluded that HAER &HAEL of Fashra (Bryonia laciniosa) exhibits a significant Antipsoriatic activity in vivo.

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